105109 to 105149—Continued.

105134. Tardivo di Boulbon.

105185. Tardivo d'Orleans

105136 to 105149. Pyrus communis L. Malvaceae. Common pear.

· 105136. Bergamotta de Pentecôte.

105137. Bergamotta Esperen.

105138. Butirra d'Aremberg.

105139. Butirra Diel.

105140. Butirra Giffard.

105141. Butirra bianca Toscana.

105142. Butirra Hardy.

105143. Butirra dell'Assunta.

105144. Coscia.

105145. Gentil Bianca.

105146. Louis Buone d'Avranches.

105147. Margherita Marillat.

105148. Passa Crassarn.

105149. Spadona d'Estate.

105150. TRIFOLIUM PRATENSE L. Fa-Red clover.

From Poland. Seeds purchased from Udycz, Hodowla Nasion, Warszawa. Received Received April 4, 1934.

Variety Gloria.

105151 to 105154.

rom Cuba. Seeds presented by Robert M. Grey, Superintendent of the Atkins Institution of the Arnold Arboretum, Soledad, Cienfuegos, through F. G. Walsingham. Received April 2, 1934. From Cuba.

105151. Assonia natalensis (Sond.) Kuntze. Sterculiaceae.

A shrub or small tree, native to southern Africa, with cordate, angular, toothed leaves and axillary 6- to 8-flowered umbels of large, pure-white, fragrant flow-

For previous introduction see 90876.

105152. Sapindus Trifoliata L. Sapindaceae. Soapnut tree.

A stout tree, native to India, with alternate pinnate leaves and dull-white flowers. The round fruits, the size of cherries, are used in southern India as a substitute for soap. An oil is also extracted from them. soap. An oil is also extracted from them. The hard yellow wood is used in house

For previous introduction see 23315.

105153. STIGMAPHYLLON PUBERUM (Rich.) Juss. Malpighiaceae.

A woody vine, native to the West Indies, with the branchlets covered with appressed brown hairs. The ovate-acuminate leaves, 2 inches long, are nearly glabrous above and appressed pubescent beneath. The petals of the bright-yellow flowers, an inch across, are fringed on the margin, and the maplelike fruits are more than an inch long.

For previous introduction see 102681.

105151 to 105154—Continued.

105154. STIGMAPHYLLON SAGRAEANUM Juss. Malpighiaceae.

A woody vine, native to the West Indies, with rigid, leathery, linear to ovate leaves, coarsely reticulated beneath. The bright-yellow flowers are in axillary clusters, and the maplelike fruits are oblong with straight edges.

For previous introduction see 102680.

105155 to 105157. MALUS SYLVESTRIS Mill. Malaceae.

From Michigan, Scions presented by Prof. F. G. Bradford, Michigan State College, East Lansing. Received April 9, 1934.

105155. Cilligos. A Hungarian variety with small fruits which do not color as well in the North as they do farther south.

105156. Daru. A hardy, very late-flowering apple which will stand 12° F. without injury.

105157. Fenville. A seedling, probably a French crab, which sprang up as a root sprout from a tree whose top had died. Its sole merit is its very late blossoming, as the fruit is small and inferior.

105158 to 105167.

From Sweden. Seeds presented by Prof. C. Skottsberg, Botaniske Have, Göteborg. Received April 7, 1984.

105158, ALTHAEA HELDREICHII Boiss. Malvaceae.

A slender hairy perennial, with rounded, heart-shaped leaves and rosy-pink flowers in small clusters. Native to southeastern Europe.

105159 to 105161. RHEUM spp. Polygona-Rhubarb.

105159. RHEUM ALEXANDRAE Batal.

A stout herbaceous perennial, native to China, with a rosette of elliptic-ovate, dark glossy green leaves and flower stems, 3 to 4 feet high, bearing large pale-yellow overlapping leaflike bracts.

105160. RHEUM FRANZENBACHII Muenter.

A rapidly growing species of rhubarb, native to temperate Asia, which is a striking ornamental, suitable for borders and possibly useful for breeding purposes ing purposes.

For previous introduction see 69105.

105161. RHEUM PALMATUM L. Sorrel rhubarb.

A leafy perennial about 5 feet high, with subcylindrical stems and broad roundish leaves deeply palmately lobed. Native to northwestern Asia.

For previous introduction see 104376.

105162. RUBUS ARMENIACUS Focke. васеле.

A stout thorny shrub with long branches, coarsely serrate leafiets, white hairy beneath, red flowers, and rather large, black, juicy fruits of good flavor. Native to Asia Minor.

105163. RUBUS HISPIDUS L. Rosaceae.

A prostrate shrub with more or less prickly stems, firm, dark-green leaflets, and small, sour, reddish-purple fruits. Native to southeastern Canada.